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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/521,639	03/08/2000	Lewis B Aronson	9775-0031-999	1452
22913	7590 03/10/2004		EXAM	INER
WORKMAN NYDEGGER (F/K/A WORKMAN NYDEGGER & SEELEY) 60 EAST SOUTH TEMPLE 1000 EAGLE GATE TOWER SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84111			JACKSON, CORNELIUS H	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2828	
			DATE MAILED: 03/10/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 10/03)

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/521,639	ARONSON ET AL
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Cornelius H. Jackson	2828
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	n the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailir earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a repolar within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT e, cause the application to become ABA	oly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 N 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under 	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matte	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 29-55 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrage 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 29-55 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or comparison.	PAUL IP SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination.	cepted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyand ction is required if the drawing(s	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). i) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	its have been received. Its have been received in Appority documents have been rau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Su	
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		/Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTO-152) -

Art Unit: 2828

DETAILED ACTION

Acknowledgement

1. Acknowledgment is made that applicant's Amendment, filed on 12 November 2003, has been entered. Upon entrance of the Amendment, claims 1-28 were canceled and claims 29-45 were newly added. Claims 29-45 are now pending in the current application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 29-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 4. Claim 29 recites the limitation "the optical fiber" in line 15 of the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Art Unit: 2828

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 6. Claims 29-31, 33, 35 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Nagano (6014359). Nagano disclose a laser apparatus **Fig. 1**, comprising: a laser **101** that emits light that is substantially linearly polarized when in use; a quarter wave retarder plate **103** that is positioned with respect to the laser **101** so that: light emitted by the laser **101** is circularly polarized by the wave retarder plate **103** so as to have a predetermined handedness before reaching an optical transmission system, and light reflected back toward the laser **101** has a linear polarization, after passing through the quarter wave retarder plate **103** a second time, that is orthogonal to the linearly polarized light emitted by the laser **101**; and a linear polarizer **102** that is positioned between the laser **101** and the quarter wave retarder plate **103** so as to: permit the linearly polarized light emitted by the laser **101** to pass through the linear polarizer **102**; and block light reflected back toward the laser **101** by the optical fiber that

Art Unit: 2828

has a linear polarization that is orthogonal to the linearly polarized light emitted by the laser 101, see col. 1, lines 24-49.

Regarding claim 30, Nagano discloses the linear polarizer is disposed adjacent to a surface of the quarter wave retarder plate facing the laser, **see Fig. 1**.

Regarding claim 31, Nagano disclose a lens 104 that is positioned so that the quarter wave retarder plate 103 is disposed between the lens 104 and the laser 101, see Fig. 1.

Regarding claim 33, Nagano disclose a hermetically sealed housing within which the laser is disposed, the housing having a window through which the light emitted by the laser is transmitted, **see Fig. 1**.

Regarding claims 35 and 36, Nagano discloses the quarter wave retarder plate as the window, see Fig. 1.

7. Claims 38 and 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tabata et al. (5434669). Regarding claim 38, Tabata et al. disclose a laser apparatus Fig. 13 comprising: a laser 51 that emits light that is substantially linearly polarized when in use, the laser 51 having an oscillation mode; a quarter wave retarder plate 52 that is positioned with respect to the laser 51 so that: light emitted by the laser is circularly polarized by the wave retarder plate so as to have a predetermined handedness before reaching an optical transmission system 18, 20, 22, O, IG, etc; and light reflected back toward the laser has a linear polarization, after passing through the quarter wave retarder plate 52 a second time, that is orthogonal to the linearly polarized light emitted by the laser 51; wherein the laser apparatus does not include any

polarizing element positioned between the laser 51 and the quarter wave retarder plate 52, see col. 11, line 66-col. 12, line 33.

Regarding claim 46, Tabata et al. disclose a laser apparatus and transmission system Fig. 13 comprising: a laser 51 that emits light that is substantially linearly polarized when in use, the laser 51 having an oscillation mode; an optical fiber 18 positioned relative to the laser so that at least a majority of the light emitted by the laser 51 is transmitted away from the laser 51; and a quarter wave retarder plate 52 that is positioned with respect to the laser 51 so that: light emitted by the laser is circularly polarized by the wave retarder plate so as to have a predetermined handedness before reaching the optical fiber 18; and light reflected back toward the laser by the optical fiber has a linear polarization, after passing through the quarter wave retarder plate 52 a second time, that is orthogonal to the linearly polarized light emitted by the laser 51, see col. 11, line 66-col. 12, line 33.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 32, 34 and 37, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nagano (6014359) in view of Applicant's admitted prior art.

Art Unit: 2828

Regarding claim 32, Nagano discloses the claimed invention except for position of the lens being disposed between the quarter wave retarder plate and the laser. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to place the lens closer to the laser and thereby placing the lens on the other side of the quarter wave retarder plate in order to decreased the distance the laser beam travels, since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art. In re Japikse, 86 USPQ 70.

Regarding claims 34 and 37, Nagano fails to teach a thin film antireflective coating on at least one surface of the window. Applicant's admitted prior art teaches a thin film antireflective coating on at least one surface of the window. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ a thin film antireflective coating on the window in order to reduce reflections from the window, see specification, page 1, lines 12-15.

10. Claims 38-55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nagano (6014359) and Applicant's admitted prior art as applied to claims 1-37 above, and further in view of Fukushima et al. (4955006). Nagano and Applicant's admitted prior art teach all the stated limitations, except for the absence of a linear polarizer or the presence of an optical fiber.

Regarding claim 38, Nagano discloses the claimed invention except for the lack of a linear polarizer. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to remove the linear polarizer (which is use to linearly polarize the laser output beam) when the laser itself emits a linearly polarized beam (as

Art Unit: 2828

can be seen in Fukushima et al. Fig. 1), since it has been held that omission of an element and its function in a combination where the remaining elements perform the same function as before involves only routine skill in the art In re Karlson, 136 USPQ 184.

Regarding claim 46, Nagano all the stated limitations, except that the output beam would be use on an optical fiber; instead Nagano teaches an optical medium. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have chosen the optical medium of Nagano to be an optical fiber medium for the purpose of transmitting information/signal.

Regarding claims 39-45 and 47-55, Nagano and Applicant's admitted prior art teach all the stated limitations, as applied the claims 1-37 above.

Response to Arguments

11. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 29-55 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

12. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

Art Unit: 2828

§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cornelius H. Jackson whose telephone number is (571)272-1942. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 - 5:00, Monday - Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul Ip can be reached on (571)272-1941. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Page 9

Application/Control Number: 09/521,639

Art Unit: 2828

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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